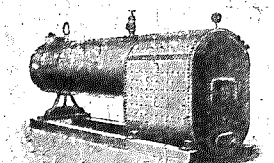
TWICE A WEEK

RAT PORTAGE MINER

TUESDAY and FRIDAY

VOL. XI, NO. 21 — RAT PORTAGE, ONT., FRIDAY, FEB. 14, 1902. — PRICE 5 CENTS



Popular Wants.

WANTED—A house to rent with all modern conveniences. Address A. B., Miner Office.

ROOM WANTED—By young man, where it will be possible to get breakfast and tea; place where there are no other boarders preferred. Apply P.O. Box 389.

STORE AND BAKERY TO RENT Situate on east side of Main street, south of Second. Apply W. J. Moran.

FOR SALE—About 175 acres on the west end of Treaty Island—D90. Said to be heavily timbered, with about 65 acres good arable land. Apply to W. J. Moran.

"Bitter is patience, but its fruit is sweet."

DIAMOND DRILL AT WORK

A Comparison of the Boring Done Here and Abroad.

Although it has been at work some years on Lake of the Woods very few of our readers we venture to say know much about the important work that has been done by the diamond drill. The machine has not been used as it is in South Africa where no ore appears on the surface ground of the richest paying mines of the Rand. There, a claim was staked out on the barren rock, and months, and in some cases years were spent to establish the fact that a vein existed before the real work of mining commenced. Here the drill has mostly been used in recovering faulted lodes and searching for possible parallel ore bodies, and in most cases the money paid for diamond drilling has turned out successful. Mr. J. Burley Smith was the first to use it for real prospect work, having located the Sultana lode running along the bottom of the lake in Bald Indian Bay by this means. Mr. Allan Sullivan, M. E., was the next to do extensive diamond drill work before sinking a working shaft, and his work has been well repaid. He knew the extent and value of the Elizabeth ore body at 200 feet before he began to sink his shaft, and now that the miners themselves are down below that depth, the drill is still at work boring deeper and deeper, and peering into the future of a year or more hence. Perhaps, however, the most important work done on Lake of the Woods by the diamond drill has been in locating faulted lodes. The big ore body of the Sultana came to a dead stop last year, but after 800 feet of lateral drilling, the vein was tapped and found to be just as wide and as rich as the one which suffered the intrusion—the miners now being at work on the shifted vein. At the Regina and Mikado, while there could not have been what would be technically called a "fault" still, radial drilling discovered new parallel veins which largely increased the values of these mines. But this is mere child's play to what has been done in Australia and South Africa.

A bore hole was recently put down on the Turf Club Ground at Johannesburg, and the following is based upon an account by Edward Chester of the Chester Diamond Drilling company, which appeared in "South Africa." The bore hole was started in January. "We are bound to cut the reef unless we get into a fault. An interesting point in regard to this bore hole and the value of the result obtained thereby is that it has proved nearly two miles of backs. Of course, it was always calculated that the main reef series continued to a far greater depth than the point at which it was cut; but until the series was cut, it was always open to doubt as to whether the formation continued intact to this great depth, and from the result now obtained there seems no reason why it should not continue right up to the edge of the Klipriversberg range, about four miles south of the outcrop. Moreover, it would appear that there is every likelihood of picking up the main reef series on the south side of the Klipriversberg dike, the formation at which point is covered by the Black Reef series, and no one has yet had pluck enough to penetrate the formation underneath this to any depth, but there is no doubt that it continues here as in portions of Randfontein some 20 miles west of this point where the series is overlapped with black Reef, and where the formation is proved to dip consistently."

There is a second bore hole on the Turf Club ground to the west and about the same distance from the outcrop and is down to a considerable depth. The bore hole was discontinued, however, until the one at the east struck the formation, but in all probability, the second bore hole will be carried down to the same depth.

Brazilian carbons which today are worth about £9 per carat or about four times the value of ordinary diamonds were used in the drilling.

The weight of the rods which carried out this operations was about 16 tons. To prevent such an enormous weight pressing too heavily on the carbons whilst drilling, the rods were suspended on a hydraulic cylinder, which allowed the rods to descend as desired; in fact, the enormous pressure of the rods could have been run at a weight just sufficient to tickle one's hand if necessary.

The proof afforded by this new strike at Turffontein not only gives undoubted permanency to the gold industry of the Rand but it also doubles the computations which have been made with regard to the ultimate value of the whole formation.

The whole was sunk in 10½ months from the time the drill was put on the ground, inclusive of stoppages, but exclusive of the time the drill was hung up owing to the war.

THE ORE AT BLACK EAGLE

RECOGNITION OF HEROISM.

Royal Humane Society Will Reward Plucky Axel Sunblad.

Alderman McCarthy has made application for the Humane Society's medal for Axel Sunblad, who risked his own life to save the unconscious girl at the Hilliard House fire. The necessary papers have arrived for the reports of eye witnesses which are now being filled in.

The story of the heroic deed is briefly told. The employees quarters was situated in the south part of the building, the oldest and most inflammable of the entire structure. The fire reached this part so quickly that the female employees had not time to dress, running half stifled from the building, they nearly all however had presence of mind to slip on boots. Elfrida, the Icelandic girl, seems to have been in a semi-asphixiated condition before she awoke, and not realizing her danger she moved too slowly, the consequence being that she fell unconscious in the narrow corridor. Meanwhile Axel Sunblad, the teamster, was taking chances to put on some clothing, as the temperature outside registered about 40 below zero, when he found himself smothering. He then rushed into the corridor which was now in total darkness, the electric light connections having been burnt, and stumbling, fell over the prostrate form of the girl. Realizing at once the horror of their condition he jumped to his feet, and picking up the unconscious girl, staggered blindly down the hallway to the main staircase where the smoke had not yet become so dense. Other arms now freed him of his burden and he was led into the open air suffering the greatest agony.

Ex-Mayor McCarthy deserves much credit for interesting himself in the case, and we hope he will be successful in securing recognition for the brave boy who so nonchalantly allowed another to receive credit for his deed, until that other, Mr. Jones, read the account of it in the press, when he promptly rectified the mistake and publicly placed the honor on the bread shoulders of the plucky young Swede.

THE GOLDEN HORN MINE.

When asked today regarding the progress of work at the Golden Horn, Manager Rideout said it was very satisfactory. He is Baedecker plus imagination, yet an absolutely faithful reporter. Take his line, 'And the dawn comes up like thunder outer China cross the bay.' I not only saw the dawn do that a hundred times from the deck of a tramp steamer on the northeast route from Singapore, but I have heard deckhands quote the phrase. The effect of the line reproduces the phenomena perfectly, the utter suddenness of it, as if it leaped at you from an ambush. It is even truer than the sunset: 'The night comes down like thunder,' he might have said. Kipling as a statesman may or may not be correct, but as a guidebook for the East he has no equal.

freighters and tramp steamers and all the deep sea wanderers know him by heart. He is Baedecker plus imagination, yet an absolutely faithful reporter. Take his line, 'And the dawn comes up like thunder outer China cross the bay.' I not only saw the dawn do that a hundred times from the deck of a tramp steamer on the northeast route from Singapore, but I have heard deckhands quote the phrase. The effect of the line reproduces the phenomena perfectly, the utter suddenness of it, as if it leaped at you from an ambush. It is even truer than the sunset: 'The night comes down like thunder,' he might have said. Kipling as a statesman may or may not be correct, but as a guidebook for the East he has no equal.

MR. MATHESON BURNT OUT.

News was received in town the week that the Hudson's Bay Co. post at Nepigon, the residence of the Factor Mr. Alex. Matheson, one of our oldest timers, was burnt to the ground. The fire was not discovered until it had gained considerable headway and fanned by a brisk wind, enveloped the residence before it could be gotten under control. It was but a short time till the house was in ashes. The loss will be a heavy one as Mr. Matheson was unable to save anything from the residence. The house was an old one, having been erected by the Hudson's Bay Co. as a trading post.

THE BAPTIST TABERNACLE.

Our church stationery bearing the cut of the Tabernacle is ready for distribution at the pastor's study. Anyone who have not ordered theirs can be supplied if they order at once.

Next Sunday morning the subject will be "As the Rain and the Snow From Heaven." At 7 p.m. "The Lost Men of Rat Portage."

The Little Helpers' Circle have been working away for several weeks and under wise leadership have done many little things to help along His cause. Tonight they bring their parents to enjoy a pleasant evening with them.

VISITED THE SULTANA.

Father Favreau, Father Baudin and Messrs. Joseph Gauthier and Philibert L'Heureux visited the Sultana mine this afternoon and were shown around the surface plant by Manager Strong. The gentlemen are loud in their praises of the courtesy and kindness of Mr. Strong, who spared no trouble in explaining everything in the most complete

and as rich as the one which suffered the intrusion—the miners now being at work on the shifted vein. At the Regina and Mikado, while there could not have been what would be technically called a "fault" still, radial drilling discovered new parallel veins which largely increased the values of these mines. But this is mere child's play to what has been done in Australia and South Africa.

A bore hole was recently put down on the Turf Club Ground at Johannesburg, and the following is based upon an account by Edward Chester of the Chester Diamond Drilling company, which appeared in "South Africa." The bore hole was started in January, 1899, but was stopped October 1, as the company was advised to leave Johannesburg; moreover, owing to the war like feeling which existed at the time, workmen refused to work. When the company was able to return to the Rand it was found that much injury had been done to the bore hole, but this was repaired before recommencing work, on the rods were gotten out of the hole May 26, 1900, although the actual boring operations did not begin again until July 11. A Sullivan drill which was specially built to go to the desired depth was used in drilling the hole.

This is the deepest hole used by this company on the Rand. The Rand Victoria bore hole held the Rand record until Bezuidenville. The Rand Victoria hole struck the reef at 2,400 feet and eight months were taken in its drilling. The Bezuidenville bore hole which was finished in 1895 struck the reef at 3,251 feet. The drill hole on the Turf Club Grounds, which is nearly two miles from the outcrop of the main reef struck the main reef of 4,800 feet or within 25 feet of the depth at which it was expected formation would be struck. A curious feature in connection with the sinking of this bore hole was the fact that the rods were left in the hole for 20 months while hostilities were going on. The details of the work when it was renewed are best given in the following quotations from the report of the engineers: "Having completed all our preparations we started to withdraw the rods on Sunday morning May 20, at 9:10 a. m. The full pressure of steam at our disposal we applied, and as the rods took the strain it was a moment of great anxiety to the onlookers, and as we held our breath in suspense as it was seen the rods had not moved an inch. The next moment, however, to our great relief and delight, they gradually and evenly slipped outwards and so continued to lift, without a hitch throughout the day, so that at knocking off time we had pulled 1,850 feet. Work was resumed at daylight on the following Monday morning, and we are happy to inform you that by 10 a. m. on that day all the rods were safely out of the hole.

"The nature of the ground passed through was fairly favorable and the regular Rand formation.

weight just sufficient to tickle one's hand if necessary.

The proof afforded by this new strike at Tuffontein not only gives indoubted permanency to the gold industry of the Rand but it also doubles the computations which have been made with regard to the ultimate value of the whole formation.

The whole was sunk in 10½ months from the time the drill was put on the ground, inclusive of stoppages, but exclusive of the time the drill was burg up owing to the war.

THE ORE AT BLACK EAGLE.

Manager Peterson Reports Values to His Company Average Assay $8.

In view of the great interest taken in the recent return of gold bricks from the Black Eagle mine, and of the discussion about the values of the ore milled, Mr. Peterson's report to his company published in London, Eng., will be read with no small interest. He writes:

"The Corliss engine is an efficient and exceedingly economical machine, amply powerful to run 40 stamps. The trouble, I discovered, was caused by the millwright setting the engine slightly out of line. This has been put right, and the engine is now perfect, running the 30 stamps with ease. The stope in the 6th level has been my store room for all the rock taken out in developing, and generally cleaning up the old levels. None of the rock has been sorted, and it is consequently badly mixed. The average assay of the contents of this stope is slightly over $5 per ton. It is quite good enough for the purpose for which it has been used, namely, the first two weeks' run in a new mill. I am now running the 30 stamps night and day, on ore averaging $8 in assay values, and will mix that with a higher grade as soon as I can get at it. This will give us a general average mill value of the ore from all parts of the mine as far as it is opened up, and I think, an average that can be maintained in the future. That is what I am trying to establish. At the end of another fortnight I will make a general clean up and report number of tons milled and from what part of the mine and the result in gold."

SEEKS TO UNSEAT CHADWICK.

An action has been brought against C. W. Chadwick to unseat him from the municipal council on the ground of insufficient qualification. Jacob Hose is the petitioner. The case will come before Judge Chapple.

Ex-Mayor McCarthy deserves much credit for interesting himself in the case, and we hope he will be successful in securing recognition for the brave boy who so nonchalantly allowed another to receive credit for his deed, until that other, Mr. Jones, read the account of it in the press, when he promptly rectified the mistake and publicly placed the honor on the broad shoulders of the plucky young Swede.

THE GOLDEN HORN MINE.

When asked today regarding the progress of work at the Golden Horn, Manager Rideout said it was very satisfactory. The shaft is down over 100 feet, and drifting and crosscutting will be commenced at once, and the number of men increased. The vein has gradually widened from the top till it more than fills the shaft at the bottom—in fact 3 feet wider. Another gratifying feature is that there has been no decrease in the values of the ore. Our readers will remember an account of this property written by the editor of the Miner which appeared in our issue of September last. We referred therein to the high opinion entertained by the foreman and working miners of the Golden Horn, who have not since changed their opinion, but are more convinced that it is one of the best properties in Western Ontario.

A BIG LUMBER DEAL.

The Rat Portage Lumber Company and Messrs. Graham & Horn have bought out the business, stock and plant of Messrs. Sennan & Co., who are operating on the Rainy lake section of the Canadian Northern railway. They have a saw mill at Turtle lake and a lumber yard at Gash Point with about 15,000,000 feet of unsawn timber and manufactured lumber between the two places. This means a brisk season for Rat Portage and Rainy river during this year.

WILL BE A HOT GAME.

The scheduled intermediate hockey game between the Victorias of Winnipeg and the Thistles of Rat Portage will take place in Victoria rink Tuesday evening next. Secretary Austin says this ought to prove one of the warmest games that will be seen here, as the Vics have been showing good form of late and will most likely put up a strong fight against the invincible Thistles.

KIPLING AS A GUIDE.

Henry Sturgis Ely, of Binghamton, has just returned from a journey around the world. The trip has induced in him an exalted idea of Rudyard Kipling. "There is no guidebook in the far East like him," said Mr. Ely at the Waldrof. "The crews of the

VISITED THE SULTANA.

Father Favreau, Father Baudin and Messrs. Joseph Gauthier and Philibert L'Heureux visited the Sultana mine this afternoon and were shown about the surface plant by Manager Strong. The gentlemen are loud in their praises of the courtesy and kindness of Mr. Strong, who spared no trouble in explaining everything in the interesting process of gold saving at the Sultana mine.

ADJOURNED COUNCIL.

The town council met last Wednesday night with all the members present. Change in the chair and Alderman Dodds McCarthy and Russell present. A supplementary short form by-law committee was hard at work and adopted. The new rules by-law was carried at first time and a motion to adjourn followed.

GREAT SINGER COMING.

Arrangements have been completed for an appearance here on next Wednesday evening of Miss Jessie MacLachlan who has won the title in England and America of the Queen of Scottish Song. She filled Massey Hall to the doors and left appearance in such cities as New York, Boston and Philadelphia were the sight for an ovation, one paper describing her singing as "magnificent, splendid, unsurpassed. Seats should be secured early so as to avoid disappointment.

AT THE HOTELS.

Opera House—Geo. Bertram, W. B. McNamara, F. McFadden, J. E. Ford, Toronto; Walter Ross, Fort McLeod; J. A. London, London; J. E. Orr, Fort Frances; R. McKellar, Fort William; J. McKenzie, Mikado mine; A. B. Dolmage, Winnipeg; Geo. Passe to Dolmage, Newarin.

Russell House—W. S. Fowler, R. Farrell, Winnipeg; J. C. Stewart, Ingolf; Theodore Friedenback, Big Bay; D. Matheson, Alex. Orr, Mikado; G. H. Dunn, W. G. McLeod, Toronto; A. Thompson, Keewatin; Miss McDonald, town.

Shaw House—J. L. Hutchison, H. G. Hutchinson, Dryden; A. Marriott, I. Norman Hiron, J. Weresman, M. Savage, Winnipeg; G. K. Cameron, town; H. Ferguson, Fort William; G. Thompson, Oxdrift; Geo. Jorgenson, Mikado; C. C. Snowden, Montreal.

Central House—Alex. Forbes, Blenheim; S. J. Pinel, Ingersoll; S. E. Lane, Verona.

Poor Copy

RAT PORTAGE MINER

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Largest Circulation in the Ontario Gold Fields

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RAT PORTAGE, ONT., FEB. 14, 1902

PECKSNIFFIAN.

A despatch from Hamilton, Ont., says that Andrew Carnegie, has refused the request for aid from the House of Providence, Dundas, Ont., on the ground that the establishment of free libraries absorbs all the time and attention he can give.

Admirers of Robert Burns built a monument on the poet's grave. "Ye asked for bread, Robbie, and they gaed ye a stane." A house for the rescue of fallen women, a home for indigent old people, a hospital for sick children, a haven for homeless waifs do not appeal to Mr. Carnegie; he would give to those who do not want; if a beggar asked for bread Carnegie would give him a book.

HEROISM.

The firemen of Toronto receive a salary of $23.33 per month for their first year's service, and $11.67 for the second year, receiving a proportionate raise each year till it reaches $700, where it stops.

And the firemen are agitating for an increase of pay.

Alderman Sheppard proposes to advance a fireman one year if he shows heroism.

What a contract he would have if Alderman Sheppard were to come here and put such a scheme in force.

Every member of our brigade would be chalks inside of a year, for if they haven't all shown themselves to be heroes of Class A then we have no conception of the meaning of the word.

PECULIAR.

Dr. Lyman Abbot holds peculiar views on prohibition. The rural population have the power to impose prohibition on the urban population if they have the majority.

And they have the majority. But the doctor says:

"The rural population of this state ought not to impose their conscience upon the people of the city of New York.

"It makes no difference if the rural conscience is right and the New York conscience is wrong.

"Still, the right conscience has no right to impose it will upon the wrong conscience."

DISCREET.

Enter DeWet. . . . "Ach, gentlemens, I am fery glads to see so mudiences much ad my pervormance this efening here. Der drick I am about to executions has nefer been sometimes before done yed, dont it? And I may say dot owing to boogings numerously ahead, this will be my ladest apparitions among you, as I haf decieved invitations from every quarter of der globe, congluding Londons, der Hake, Baris, Perimuda, Zeylon, St. Helena, and some of my agends in Englands and Ganada say dot I am under gondract to go to appearance at Hell. I vill now begin aint it. I blace mineself so, in de centre of dis cirgle and requesd I vill now gall dese assistants so around me mit der gattle which is our dining gar for mead which I make walk to save der gar vare ofer my cirguid. You vill berhabs gonfound der gattle mit mine assistants: dese is der gattle and dese de gentle assistants. Now I vill ask 232,738 gentlemen in der audience to gome up on der blatform and blace a fire vence me securely abound, und to stand ready mit, at thirty-dwo gombas points, maxim guns und ardilleries, und der rest must disgombose demselys between der thirty-dwo gombas boints of der cirgle Lee-Metford rivles mit, und ven dey zee me srood. Berore I do mine drick, I bid dis audience goot-night, begause dis evat vill der enderdainment glose. Ready; von, dwo, dree!"

Extract from press report of performance: "DeWet made a rush among the cattle and stampeded them through the fence, escaping in the darkness of the night. Over three hundred dead and wounded Boers were found on the veldt after the raid."

HINTS FOR GIRLS.

HOW TO PRESERVE HEALTH AND GOOD COLOR.

Pale, Sallow, or Anaemic Girls Restored to the Bright Freshness of Youth by Natural Means Good Health Within the Reach of All.

From The Sun, Orangeville, Ont.

Miss Maggie Brownlee, of Orangeville, is a young lady well known to the residents of the town and greatly esteemed by all her acquaintances. Like thousands of other young girls throughout Canada, fell a victim to anaemia or watery blood, and for a time, as she says herself, feared she would never again enjoy robust health. Experiences like Miss Brownlee's can not fail to be of benefit to other pale and anaemic girls, and for this reason she kindly consented to give a statement to the Sun for publication. "My illness," said Miss Brownlee, "came on very gradually, and at first it merely seemed as though it was a feeling of depression and tiredness. I kept getting worse, however, and finally had to give up a good position. I was at times troubled with a throbbing, racking headache my appetite gave out; the least exertion tired me, and my heart would beat painfully. My limbs seemed to feel like weights, and at other times there was a sinking sensation which I can scarcely describe. I was treated by a good [illegible]

PUNISHED AND PARDONED.

Last night my little son was sent
Unkissed to bed, with angry eyes,
And lips that pouted wilful-wise;
This was his mother's punishment.
A gentler woman does not live,
But yet she strived to forgive,

The childish fault, the passionate deed,
They must be pardoned so in the gloom
He stumbled to his little room.
He was too proud to weep or plead,
I saw his mother's eyes grow dim,
In tender yearning for her sin.

But in the silence when he slept
Unbribed the tears lay on his cheek,
The little face so mad very meek,
How piteously repentant, he wept
Before he took to slumberland
The grief he could not understand!

Then tenderly his mother smoothed
The fair tossed hair back from his brow,
And kissed the lips so pathetic now,
But with a low moan, she he was troubled,—
And there beside his little bed
Knelt praying for strength to forgive!

All so, dear God, when at the last
We lie with closed and tear-stained eyes
And live too dumb for prayers or sighs,
Sorry and punished for the past,
Surely Thou wilt forgive and bless,
Pelas pitiful as mine do press!

—C. in The Queen.

EMPIRE JOKERS.

Bright Things the Paragraphers in Britain Find to Say in Their Respective Papers.

More Amalgamation.—Parish Councillor: "Well, I do vote that the two parishes be marmaladed.—Chairman: Our worthy brother councillor means, I understand, that the two parishes should be jammed together!—Punch.

• • •

"I think this is an awfully fast play."—"Well, yes; it's well mounted."—Judy.

• • •

"He said I was utterly false!"—"Did he dare to say that of your teeth?"—Pick-Me-Up.

• • •

The Impossible.—"So your friend didn't catch his train after all?"—"No; he's a detective."—Illustrated Bits.

• • •

Great Matrimonial Trust.—He: I asked your father's consent to our engagement by telephone.—She: What was his answer?—He: Oh, he just said, "I don't know who you are, but it's all right."—Fun.

• • •

Youth: Miss Stanhope, you're positively the only person I've met to-day worth stopping to speak to.—Miss Stanhope (graciously): Indeed! You are more fortunate than I am.—Punch.

• • •

Ethel: Did you notice how ravenously your friend ate at dinner last night?—George: Well, my dear, he'd been fishing since lunch.—Ethel: Indeed! But, really, I don't see what that had to do with it.—George: Well, you see he hadn't had a bite.—Judy.

• • •

Missus: Isn't that the postman, Mary? Who's gone to the door?—Mary: Please, ma'am, cook has.—Missus: Well, what's she such a long time for?—Mary: Please, ma'am, I think it must be a postcard.—Pick-Me-Up.

• • •

All's Well That Ends Well.—Timid Lady: Are people ever lost in this river?—Boatman: No, ma'am, we always find them in a day or two.—Fun.

Exposure

To cold and stormy weather opens the way to an attack of bronchitis. The man on the wagon, be he farmer, milkman or truckman, needs to pay special heed to the first symptoms of weakness or disease of the organs of respiration.

The use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure bronchitis, deep-seated coughs, bleeding of the lungs, and other conditions which if neglected or unskillfully treated terminate fatally in consumption.

There is no alcohol in the "Discovery," and it is entirely *free* from opium, cocaine and other narcotics.

"For seven years I had been troubled with what the doctors called bronchitis," writes Mr. Arthur Maule (general merchant), of Nilestown, Middlesex Co., Ontario. "A year ago, after I had been taken sick with a severe attack, I began taking your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' I rapidly recovered from the attack and felt no more of it that fall. This season I began taking the 'Discovery' in August, and have so far been perfectly well. I can go out in all kinds of weather and not feel the bronchial trouble at all. Let me say to all who are suffering from such complaints to give Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery a fair trial, and I am convinced that good results will be obtained."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper-bound, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps, to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*; or 50 stamps for the book in cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

KIDNEY DISEASE FOR TEN YEARS.

A Glen Miller Man's Terrible Trial.

He Found a Cure at Last in Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mr. P. M. Bark, who is a well-known resident of Glen Miller, Hastings Co., Ont., was afflicted with kidney trouble for ten years.

So pleased is he at having found in Doan's Kidney Pills a cure for his ailments, which he had begun to think were incurable, that he wrote the following statement of his case so that others similarly afflicted may profit by his experience: "I have been afflicted with kidney trouble for about ten years and have tried several remedies but never received any real benefit until I started taking Doan's Kidney Pills. My back used to constantly ache and my urine was high colored and milky looking at times. Since I have finished the third box of Doan's Kidney Pills I am happy to state that I am not bothered with backache at all and my urine is clear as crystal. I feel confident that these pills are the best kidney specific in the country."

THE RAT PORTAGE COLD STORAGE AND PRODUCE COMPANY, LIMITED

Wholesale Merchants

Full Stock Miners & Contractors Supplies

SPECIAL QUOTATIONS ON

Provisions, Hay, Feed & Oats

Box 311, RAT PORTAGE.

Fresh Groceries

Finest in Town

CAMPBELL BROS.

MAPLE LEAF STORE.

FARM PESTS.

Why Farmers Should Take an Interest in Insect Life.

(1) Farming has come to be a profession, and in these days of small margins, in many cases knowledge or ignorance of methods of checking the growth of insect pests means success or failure. An up-to-date farmer will do everything in his power to prevent a great loss which can be checked by proper methods. This special knowledge is not difficult to acquire, for the Departments of Agriculture in both the Provinces and the Dominion are only too pleased to assist the farmer who wants assistance. Timely bulletins are distributed liberally, and the Farmers' Institutes bring specialists directly into contact with the person needing help.

(2) There are beneficial as well as injurious insects. While the farmer may take full advantage of the liberality of the Governments, he should be familiar with both, the common noxious and beneficial insects in order to obtain the best results of his work. He would be foolish indeed to destroy every insect that came in his way, for there are many valuable insects which prey upon other injurious insects. Contrary to popular belief, the number of insects which are decidedly injurious

In the High Court of Justice

PURSUANT TO A JUDGMENT of the High Court of Justice made in a certain action wherein William Nickson was plaintiff and George Drewry et al defendants, I have proceeded to wind up the affairs of the partnership carried on between the late John W. Colclough, David I. Mather and Silas I. Griffis under the firm name of "Silas I. Griffis." The creditors therefore of the said firm of "Silas I. Griffis" are to send by post, prepaid, to Joseph Edward Bird, the Solicitor for Thos. Muir administrator of the Colclough estate, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of the securities, if any, held by them, or in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said judgment. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers at the Court House, in the Town of Rat Portage, on Monday, the 10th day of March, 1902, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for the adjudication upon the claims. Dated this 15th day of January, 1902.

T. W. CHAPPLE,
Local Master.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

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February 12-19

Tickets for the Grand Public Curling Bonspiel, February 10th to 28th, inclusive, good to return up to and including February 28th.

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Great Northern Railway

or from F. I. WHITNEY, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

Through Tickets

PECULIAR.

Dr. Lyman Abbot holds peculiar views on prohibition. The rural population have the power to impose prohibition on the urban population if they have the majority.

And they have the majority. But the doctor says:—

"The rural population of this state ought not to impose their conscience upon the people of the city of New York.

"It makes no difference if the rural conscience is right and the New York conscience is wrong.

"Still, the right conscience has no right to impose its will upon the wrong conscience."

DISGRACEFUL.

Great Britain is famous for her toleration. She allows anarchists and the riff-raff of Europe to make disgraceful speeches right in London, but when she treated Cecil Rhodes coldly on his arrival there a year ago, many people thought she had acted somewhat contrary to her grand old style, but now we are beginning to see light, for the Associated Press states that contractors are robbing the government, right and left, one contract was first resold at £20,000 premium and then at £10,000, while Cecil Rhodes and the Defeers only handed over £20,000 and thus finally secured the privilege of supplying the troops in South Africa with fresh meat.

MARVELLOUS

De Wet managed to get away again although, surrounded this time for days with an impassable cordon of troops and even wire fence. The cowboy would say that the mysterious Boer leader and his gang were safely "corralled," but though nearly all the commando were wiped out or captured, De Wet himself dashing in among a herd of cattle stampeded them, and they broke through a fence, making an opening through which he escaped.

Before the year broke out, men who knew him say De Wet was running a butcher shop in Bloemfontein. He was no herdsman but a respected and generally peripatetic burgher, who rose every morning, and, striking a match, knocked down to pay for two the puffs of his long pipe. His property qualification gave him charge of commando, and since that time he has been threading his gingerly way in and out among a quarter of a million men with guns, who are looking for his skin. Every British soldier hates him, for he has done wantonly mean things, such as stealing mail bags, which could do him no good and left the poor British soldier poor indeed. De Wet's career suggests marvellous ideas. Just imagine the task of trying to collect an account from a man like that! Think of him as a Hermann doing the disappearing act in full view of the audience; take his last trick for instance and let us try and figure out how he would introduce it:

The scene is the veldt: Time, night.

---

esteemed by all her acquaintances. Like thousands of other young girls throughout Canada, fell a victim to anaemia or watery blood, and for a time, as she says herself, feared she would never again enjoy robust health. Experiences like Miss Brownlee's cannot fail to be of benefit to other pale and anaemic girls, and for this reason she kindly consented to give a statement to the Sun for publication. "My illness," said Miss Brownlee, "came on very gradually, and at first it merely seemed as though it was a feeling of depression and tiredness. I kept getting worse, however, and finally had to give up a good position. I was at times troubled with a throbbing, racking headache my appetite gave out; the least exertion tired me, and my heart would beat painfully. My limbs seemed to feel like weights, and at other times there was a sinking sensation which I can scarcely describe. I was treated by a good doctor and I took a number of remedies, but without any improvement in my condition, and I began to fear that I was doomed to be an invalid. One day a friend who called to see me spoke very highly of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and what she said interested my mother so much that she bought a few boxes. I began taking them, and in the course of a few weeks there was no room to doubt that they were helping me. I continued taking the pills for a couple of months or more, when I felt as well and strong as ever I had been. It is about a year since I gave up taking the pills, and I have not since felt the need of any medicine. I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a grand medicine, and should be taken by all pale and feeble girls."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make rich, red blood with every dose taken, thus restoring the bloom of health, and the brightness and freshness of youth to pale and sallow cheeks. Through their action on the blood they cure such diseases as anaemia, nervousness, headache, rheumatism, dyspepsia, St. Vitus' dance, heart troubles, diseases of the kidneys, etc. These pills also cure the ailments that make the lives of so many women a constant misery. Sold in boxes, the wrapper around which bears the full name Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Can be procured from druggists, or will be sent by mail, post paid at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"BREAKING."

Law students often give their professors and "coaches" curious answers. To the question, "What is the great essential to constitute burglary?" a student replied, "There must be breaking." The professor said, "Then if a nonentera door and takes a sovereign from your coat in the hall, of what crime is he guilty?" "Burglary," replied the student.

"Burglary?" said the professor, "where is the breaking?"

"It would break me, sir," said the student.

It's a striking coincidence that the things a boy likes to throw at track is easiest.

Senator Depew will now pose as the audience at home when there is an after dinner speech.

It's a long race track that doesn't separate a fool from his coin.

Ethel—Did you notice how ravenously your friend ate at dinner last night?—George—Well, my dear, he'd been fishing since lunch.—Ethel—Indeed! But, really, I don't see what that had to do with it.—George—Well, you see, he hadn't had a bite.—Judy.

• • •

Missis—Isn't that the postman, Mary? Who's gone to the door?—Mary—Please, ma'am, cook has.—Missis—Well, what's she such a long time for?—Mary—Please, ma'am, I think it must be a postcard.—Pick-Me-Up.

• • •

All's Well That Ends Well.—Timid Ladies—Are people ever lost in this river? Boatman—No, ma'am, we always find them in a day or two.—Puck.

• • •

A Cheeky Girl.—When he proposed she lost his head.—"What did you do?"—"The noble soul! It's another."—Funny Folks.

• • •

A Nice Day Since—Father—Wot the dickens yer been doin' with my razor?—Son—Father! I cannot tell a lie. I've been sharpening oysters with it.—Father—Go and give it a rub on a brick-bat immediately, or I'll never be able to get a lie out of it to-day.—Tatler.

• • •

Mrs. Henpeck—If you marry Dick, you need never expect me to come to see you.—Daughter—Just say that for the photograph, won't you, dear?—Mrs. Henpeck—What for?—Daughter—I want to give it to Dick as a wedding present.—Comic Cuts.

• • •

Natural Mistake.—Beggar—Could you spare a poor fellow only ten shillings for a meal?—City Man (aghast)—Ten shilling!—Beggar—Sorry, sir, I meant tuppence. I've just escaped from Klondyke, an' aren't got used to Londun ways yet.—World's Comic.

• • •

A Soft Answer.—Young Wife—You always seemed to have plenty of money before we were married.—Loving Husband—It was only seeming. I had very little.—Young Wife—And you told me you expected to be rich.—Loving Husband—I am rich, my dear. I've got you. (She satisfied.)—Colored Comic.

• • •

Be Sure Mistaken.—Sign lighted—Old Gentleman, I think you have made a mistake. It is a parlour-maid I want, not a footman.—Applicant (in rational costume)—I think you have made the mistake, sir. I have come about the parlour-maid's place, but, as I only live about twenty miles from here I just can over on my machine.—Halfpenny Comic.

• • •

Charitable Old Lady—Poor woman! And are you a widow?—Beggar—Worse than a widow, ma'am. My husband's living, and I have to support him.—Sydney Journal.

• • •

Be Let me kneel in the dust at your feet, Maggie, and tell you how much I adore you.—She—I beg your pardon, but there is no dust on our carpets.—Sydney Journal.

• • •

Miss Oldgirl—It is not for lack of opportunity that I have remained single, Miss Peet. No, I daresay you have given the men plenty of chances to propose.—Sydney Journal.

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may be checked by proper methods. This special knowledge is not difficult to acquire, for the Departments of Agriculture in both the Provinces and the Dominion are only too pleased to assist the farmer who wants assistance. Timely bulletins are distributed liberally, and the Farmers' Institutes bring specialists directly into contact with the person needing help.

(2) There are beneficial as well as injurious insects. While the farmer may take full advantage of the liberality of the Governments, he should be familiar with both the common noxious and beneficial insects in order to obtain the best results of his work. He would be foolish indeed to destroy every insect that came in his way, for there are many valuable insects which prey upon other injurious insects. Contrary to popular belief, the number of insects which are decidedly injurious to the farmer is very small compared with the total number which is to be found in any given locality.

(3) It is a well known fact that insects are perhaps the most important agent in the cross-fertilization of plants. As a rule flowers that are colored have an odor, are fertilized by insects, such as bees, wasps, flies, moths and beetles, and many are the special contrivances by which plants secure a transfer of pollen from one plant to another by means of insects. Our clover seed crop is secured by insects; the example furnished Darwin with this notable illustration of the inter-relationship of plants and animals, when he stated that the amount of wild honey is dependent upon the number of cats kept about a farmhouse.

(4) Recent studies have shown that the "pollen supply is the most important factor in the production of large and symmetrical fruits." The pulp of the strawberry is scanty where the achens or pits fail to appear on account of non-fertilization. Apples and tomatoes become lobsided and irregular when some of the carpels fail to develop seeds. Bunches of grapes, too, have been found to be larger when fertilized than when unfertilized.

Again, when more pollen has been applied than is necessary for complete fertilization, very often very large fruits results. "It is now believed that pollen often exerts secondary influence in stimulating the development of the pericarp;" and most pollen is conveyed by insects.—Co-Operative Dairyman.

Qualified Praise.

"Just got my new photographs. Fine, aren't they?"

"Splendid. Glad you told me who it was."

Not Game.

"She's not received in the best society, I'm told."

"No; entre nous, she gets cold feet at bridge."

Roses and Thorns.

The bitter mingles with the sweet
In brews October's cup;
No more we gasp in summer's heat,
But coal is going up.

A Family Affair.

"What a pity you are going to marry a man of no family, dear!"

"Well, it's better than marrying a man with one anyhow."

Sensonable.

The frost is on the punkin and the fodder's in the shock,
And mornings now are very sharp at five or six o'clock.

Sketch of Miss Beale.

A somewhat novel event was the conferring of the honorary freedom of the Borough of Cheltenham, England, on Miss Dorothea Beale in recognition of her efforts on behalf of the education of women in England, but more particularly of her success during the last 43 years as Principal of the Cheltenham Ladies' College. Since she became Principal the number of pupils has risen from 69 to 1,000, with an annual income of £60,000, while to her efforts is due the erection of college buildings, at an expense of £130,000, the foundation of St. Hilda's College in Cheltenham, the opening of St. Hilda's Hall at Oxford, and the work of the Ladies' College Settlement in London.

Miss Beale, who is the daughter of a doctor, was born in London in 1831. She obtained her first appointment, that of mathematical tutor at Queen's College, London, 51 years ago, and was head of the Girls' School at Casterton as long ago as 1857. She has edited since 1858 The Ladies' College Magazine, and has published several works on the subject of "Girls' Education."

Poor Copy

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DRS. LEMISON & LAIDLAW, Office: Dr. Laidlaw's, Sam St.

DR. HAYES, Office: Opposite Hospital Block, Main street. Residence: [illegible]

IS CANADA IN DANGER?

Money and Men Needed and American Furnish Both—Why a British Writer Hints the Danger.

Mr. J. Emerson-Neilly, in an article "Links of Empire," which appeared in The Pall Mall Gazette, says: "Will our investing public at home ever consider Canada? It may be too late soon for them to do so. The country is craving capital to help it develop, and most of the money sent in response comes from across the American border. Why is it so? Is Canada still popularly supposed to be a waste of snow and ice, with a sprinkling of white people surrounded by bears and Red Indians? We are generous enough in supporting foreign banks that burst and railways that play queer tricks, while we turn our backs upon our own territory where capital may be sunk to splendid account. Here you have millions of acres of wheat bearing land at to grow all the grain we want at home. It lies waste, and the Dominion Government has to beg those on emigration bent to come out and take up 100-acre farms free!

"There is more in this particular matter than meets the eye. The fate of war often makes us ask, 'Will the Russian and American grain supplies hereafter off?' If they were, we should be in bad case. It would be good policy if we grew our own grain on our own land. Then our supplies would be certain in peace and war, and while dealing with the Canadians we would be giving our money to our cousins and brethren, and making them strong of empire greater and more prosperous. The Canadian Government has for many years been down on its knees begging for a home economist, with but small success. Your Irish emigrants go to America for some reason or another, your English and Scotch seek South Africa and Australia mostly; Canada is neglected, yet one day she will call upon the home people no longer.

"American farmers are pouring over the border to take up the land refused by the British, and year by year the stream of American immigrants grows greater and greater. Moreover, American capital is spilling into Canada. Uncle Sam is starting new industries, and supporting and fostering old ones, and in a few years he will have everything in his grip. If those who have money to invest at home played a more patriotic and more sensible game it would be otherwise. We would be richer and Canada would be richer too.

"Canada is slowly but surely being populated by American people, and run by American money. Will the day come, a quarter of a century hence, when there will be a serious movement to join the Dominion of Canada to the United States of America? I know how splendidly strong is the British Canadian's loyalty, but we must not close our eyes to the fact that the French form a large proportion of the population and would lend strength to any movement for the union sought to the vast mass of American farmers and others who will have a majority here about the time I name."

Canada Corn Yields Grandly.

Mr. W. T. Hayes, of the Ottawa Central Experimental Farm, has received from Glasgow, where he has been looking after the interests of Canada at the Scottish National Exhibition, a letter in which he says that the Canadian corn exhibit is the finest ever seen in Glasgow. The yield of corn in Canada this year was very large, and the quality is said to be unsurpassed.

FIRST BOX OF BOOKS.

List of Works Sent Out Under Travelling Libraries' Act—Have You Read Them All?

When requests for boxes of books began to come in under the Travelling Libraries Act Hon. Mr. Harcourt asked the heads of colleges and leading library men to submit him lists of fifty books suitable for people living in the remote districts of the province, the idea being to have each box complete in itself and yet different from every other box in the series. The following is a list thus made up and is that contained in the first box sent out to Michipicoten:

Abraham Lincoln, Ireland; Alice in Wonderland, Carroll; Alice of Old Vincennes, Thompson; Bird Studies with a Camera, Chapman; Black Beauty, Sewell; Cardinal's Snuff Box, Harland; The Chief Invisible, Allen; Clive, Wilson; Collaine, Besant; Dundonald, Fortescue; Eben Holden, Bacheller; Eleanor, Ward; Frederick the Great, Brandenburg; The Gospel of Wealth, Carnegie; The Great Boer War, Doyle; The Green Fairy Book, Laing; Harmonic Theosophy, Palmer; In the Palace of the King, Crawford; The Influence of Christ in Modern Life, Hillis; Jack of All Trades, Beard; Joan of Arc, Lang; Judas Maccabaeus, Conder; Life of Lord Nelson, Southey; The Man That Corrupted Hadleyburg, Mark Twain; Marie Antoinette, Fowler; The Mississippi Valley in the Civil War, Fiske; Montcalm and Wolfe, Parkman; Mr. Isaacs, Crawford; My Winter Garden, Thompson; Natural Law in the Spiritual World, Drummond; Nothing to Arms, Nineteenth Century; Sir Isaac Walton, Lang; Our Native Trees, Newhall; The Redemption of David Corson, Goss; The Reign of Law, Duke of Argyll; Richard Yea and Nay, Hewlett; Rodney, Hamilton; Sailing Alone Around the World, Slocum; Sir Charles Napier, Fitchett; Sir John Franklin, Rosser; Sir Richard Wallace, Dawson; Besant, Squirrels and Other Poems; Barrows, To Have and to Hold, Johnson; Tom Brown at Oxford, Hughes; Tourker Pasquinel, Parkman; The Design of Life, Lyon; Legal Long Life and Longer Life, Allen; Ethics of Marriage, Allen; The Tools of the Tools, Johnson; Rudder, The World of the Great Forest, Du Chaillu.

A Canadian Yankee.

Colonel Aaron Schuyler de Peyster's is a name of some importance in the early history of this province, principally in connection with the military operations on the frontier during the American revolutionary war. De Peyster, Michilimackinac and other points of less strategic importance were at that time under the command of his command. He was born in New York, Aug. 27, 1738. Carrying on a vigorous war on behalf of the Northwest, whose interests during the closing years of the war were practically entrusted to him, having risen to the rank of Colonel, and after a command of many years, De Peyster retired to spend the evening of his days at Dumfries, Scotland, the native town of his wife, where he resided until his death at the extraordinary age of 92, seventeen years after he had received the King's commission. A noteworthy incident of his later life was that during the excitement caused by the French revolution, Mrs. De Peyster, who was large in the

THE SUPERSEDED.

As newer comers crowd the fore
We drop behind.
We who have labored long and sore
Times out of mind,
And been are yet, must not regret
To drop behind.

Yet there are of us some who grieve
To go behind:
Stance, strenuous souls who scarce believe
Their fires declined,
And know none cares, remembers, saptes
Who go behind.

'Tis not that we have unforetold
The drop behind:
We feel the new must oust the old
In every kind,
But yet, we think, must we, long we,
Pro, drop behind.

—Thomas Hardy.

FOR A GREAT MUSEUM.

Plea of Mr. David Boyle in His Archæological Report.

In his annual archaeological report Mr. David Boyle, Curator of the Provincial Museum, notes the addition of some 1,500 specimens during the year. He refers to the success in gathering material from our own country, and adds that the collection is now in a condition requiring material from other lands for comparative purposes.

Continuing, he says: "But while we may expect gifts from time to time, it is too much to look forward to the possibility of making the museum what it ought to be in a Province like Ontario without the expenditure of more money than has hitherto been available. A public museum to be efficient requires as much support as a library, if not more. For a dollar or two one can buy a scientific book, or an art book, in which reference may be made to material wholly beyond the reader's reach, even if not beyond his means, or, what is even more probable, the objects he wishes to see may be so rare and so valuable that he can never hope to possess anything of the kind. Casts and models are always desirable—sometimes they are preferable to original, e.g., casts in bronze heads illustrating racial types, or methods of tattooing, and these are procurable only for cash. A museum like ours ought to have a large number of such casts, whereas there is not one. The student should have an opportunity to compare the crania of numerous divisions of our race, but those of distinct peoples can be got by purchase only, unless some fortunate opportunity occur to effect an exchange.

"All the cases in the museum is occupied, and many of the cases, especially those on tables, are not only out of keeping with the other fittings of the rooms, but are merely receptacles for valuable articles. Should we acquire, even the average number of specimens during the coming year, it will be difficult to find room without crowding what is already installed."

He adds that there are now upwards of 22,000 specimens in the museum cases, illustrative mainly of American archaeology and ethnology, by far the greater number are from Ontario.

The report embraces, in addition, a series of interesting articles, including the following: Notes on Mr. Hayden's primitive art; human form in Indian art; human face in clay, two stone pipes, pottery, bone; The Flint Workers, a Forgotten People;

QUAINT INDIAN CUSTOM.

Chiefs of the Six Nations Condole With Dr. Oronhyatekha in His Recent Bereavement—Chief Hill's Letter.

The Indians have some very poetic if quaint customs, to which they cling with much tenacity and hold in great reverence. An illustration of this will be found in the address of condolence to the chiefs of the Six Nations, by Oronhyatekha, concerning which the news came of his wife. The poetic allusion is made use of as well as the form of expression by which

[illegible]

MEDICAL.

MINING ENGINEERS.

SURVEYORS.

HOTELS.

[illegible] played a more patriotic and more sensible game it would be otherwise. We would be richer and Canada would be richer too.

"Canada is slowly but surely being populated by American people, and run by American money. Will the day come, a quarter of a century hence, when there will be a serious movement to join the Dominion of Canada to the United States of America? I know how splendidly strong is the British Canadian loyalty, but we must not close our eyes to the fact that the French form a large proportion of the population, and would lend strength to any movement for the union started by the vast mass of American [illegible] and others who will have [illegible] about the [illegible]."

Canadian Oats Much Admired.

Mr. W. T. Hay [illegible] the Ottawa Central Experimental Farm, has returned from Glasgow, where he has been looking after a portion of Canada's exhibit. Contrary to the reports sent out, all the exhibits at the Glasgow Exposition are now ready to be shown to visitors. The Russian [illegible], for instance, have not yet opened their building to the public. Canada's agricultural exhibit is said to be the finest the British public has ever seen. One of the features of the exhibit is an octagonal stand 65 feet in circumference and 35 feet high, covered with Canadian grains. About the bottom of the stand, which is called "Canada's Agricultural Trophy," large sheaves have been arranged. The stand is covered with red cloth, and against this the grain shows to great advantage. The Scotch people, who produce the best oats in the world, were surprised at the excellent Canadian oats displayed, and Mr. Hay says one man inquired where he could buy 100,000 bushels annually of Banner oats, such as were exhibited in the Canadian section. Canada has 10,000 samples of grains on exhibition. The hybrid grains developed at the Central Experimental Farm attracted a great deal of attention. These grains were secured by crossing different kinds of wheat, and the result was an improved variety. The Canadian exhibits, Mr. Hay says, get plenty of attention, and are helping the British public to realize what the Dominion can do.

Cumming on Canada.

A recent issue of the Natal Advertiser of Durban contains an interview with Mr. Cumming of Brockville, the Canadian Trade Commissioner to South Africa. After describing the fiscal and economic position of Canada, Mr. Cumming observed: "In addition to manufactured goods we have for disposal enormous stocks of healthy, vigorous cattle, that I believe would be very useful to restock South Africa with after the war. Good cows can be bought in Canada for from £8 to £10. Canadian cattle are being taken to the United States for breeding purposes. I think I may safely say that Canada has the most highly developed cows for milking purposes on the continent of America. On arriving in Durban I found the merchants here handling Canadian cheese and bacon; also Canadian timber bought in New York and England. That being so, the advantage of buying in Canada will be apparent."

The Governor-General's Salary.

The British North America Act, constituting the Dominion of Canada, provides that "unless altered by the Parliament of Canada, the salary of the Governor-General shall be ten thousand pounds sterling." This amount has been paid yearly since 1867.

Colonel Arent Schuyler de Peyster's is a name of some importance in the early history of this Province, principally in connection with the military operations on the frontier during the American revolutionary war. Detroit, Michilimackinac and other points of [illegible] strategic importance were at one time the scenes of his command. He was born at New York June 27, 1736, [illegible], and [illegible] Canada [illegible] services in [illegible] the Indians of the Northwest, whose [illegible] during the closing years of the war were [illegible] satisfactory. Having risen to the rank of Colonel, and after a command of many years, De Peyster retired to spend the evening of his days at Dumfries, Scotland, the native county of his wife, where he resided until his death at the extraordinary age of 86, [illegible] seven years after he had [illegible] the [illegible]. A noteworthy incident of his life [illegible] is that during the excitement caused by the French revolution it was De Peyster who was largely instrumental in raising and training the regiment of Dumfries volunteers, in which Robert Burns was a member, and whose shots rang over the unhappy poet's grave. The old soldier was on intimate terms with Burns, who addressed him one of his fugitive pieces, and with whom he once carried on a poetical controversy in the Dumfries Journal.

Found More Than Bird's Nest.

Some years ago a still for the manufacture of illicit whiskey was discovered on lot 21 in the second concession of King, about two miles from this place, says the Newmarket Banner. Two or three parties living on the premises were arrested, and the still was destroyed by the authorities. It was generally thought the gang who were manufacturing the whiskey were also engaged in making counterfeit money, and a diligent search of the premises was made, but the molds could not be found. The farm has been sold several times since, and is now owned by Mr. Edward R. Johnson. Last week one of Mr. Johnson's sons was examining a bird's nest under the eaves of the barn, and in doing so discovered a pair of molds for the manufacture of Canadian twenty-five and fifty cent pieces. Mr. Johnson brought the molds into town and handed them to Magistrate Love, who in turn sent them to the Government authorities in Toronto.

Two of a Kind.

An eminent Queen's counsel, in the course of a learned argument, rested his case entirely on one reported decision, which he claimed to be of paramount importance. But when he had finished, his opponent, being asked by the judge what he had to say, replied: "I will not trouble your lordship with any further argument. I only wish to say that my good friend has forgotten to inform your lordship that the case on which he relies has been taken on appeal to the House of Lords, and the decision absolutely reversed." Upon this the eminent Q. C. turned to one of his colleagues roundabout and whispered: "Good heavens! What a liar that man must be! Why, there never was such a case." So they were both lying.

A "Glorified" Drummer.

The St. James' Gazette, London, England, interviewed Hon. Sydney Fisher on June 6. The interviewer remarked:

"So far as I can gather, Mr. Fisher, you yourself, though a Cabinet Minister, are over here acting as a sort of glorified 'commercial traveler' on behalf of the people of Canada."

The Canadian statesman smiled assent.

[illegible] divisions of our race, but those of distinct peoples can be got by purchase only, unless some fortunate opportunity occur to effect an exchange.

"All the case-room in the museum is occupied, and many of the cases, especially those on tables, are not only out of keeping with the other fittings of the rooms, but are unsafe receptacles for valuable articles. Should we acquire even the average number of specimens during the following year, it will be difficult to find room without crowding what is already installed."

He adds that there are now upwards of 22,000 specimens in the museum cases, illustrative mainly of American archaeology and ethnology. By far the greater number are from Ontario.

The report embraces, in addition, a series of interesting articles, including the following: Notes by Mr. Boyle on primitive art; human form in Indian art, human face in clay, two stone pipes, pottery, bone; "The Flint Workers, a Forgotten People," by Very Rev. W. R. Harris; "Indian Village Sites in Oxford and Waterloo Counties," by W. J. Wintemberg; "Rough Notes on Native Tribes of South Africa," by Frederick Hamilton, M. A.

John Montgomery's Petition.

In the Legislative Assembly, petition of John Montgomery, hotel keeper, Toronto, setting forth that in 1837 he was the owner of a tavern and other dwelling houses on Yonge street, which he had rented, in all, for £350 a year; that in December of that year, while in the tavern as a boarder, a party of persons came in on their way to attack Toronto; that while in the house they were attacked and routed by a party of militia, who set fire to and destroyed that and adjoining buildings; that petitioner lost property worth £7,000 currency; that he was afterwards indicted for high treason on evidence which he is prepared to prove was false, and praying generally for an inquiry into his case and for redress.—From The Globe's [illegible] post on May 29, 1851.

Republican Simplicity.

Daniel Webster had a grand entertainment given to him at Buffalo. It was a dinner got up in Jonathan's most splendiferous fashion. After the first course had been disposed of, there was "a recess of fifteen minutes for the purpose of re-laying the table with the dessert." At this dinner Mr. Webster was assured by one speaker that he is "the great orator of the country and of the world," and by the chairman he was thus addressed: "While you do live, your grateful countrymen have the strongest assurance that the Magna Charter (sic) of the liberties of the world will live also."—From The Toronto Globe of May 27, 1851.

Down by the Sea.

The hills on the horizon stand,
Swathed in blue dusk, and riding o'er
The marshy levels of the land,
The mists disperse by the seashore.
Thro' parting vapors in the blue
The fading stars glance out and die;
The wan sea-setting moon looks through
A shimmering tract of rose-flushed sky.
And far out on the dawn-swept sea
A lone sail glides into the light;
It brings the dawn of hope to [illegible]
Who have outwatched the [illegible] night.
—J. C. M. Duncan.

The Real Thing.

"And he's really interested in croquet?"

"Well, you wouldn't believe it, but sometimes he swears like a golf player."

[illegible] grief by the mother [illegible] his heart is [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] deep sadness [illegible] and he feels that [illegible] [illegible]. Such [illegible] as well as that of [illegible] brother chiefs [illegible] [illegible] your [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] the Swedish [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

The reason [illegible] and dark skinned [illegible] never, so far as our [illegible] serves, been [illegible] for the wise in such matters. It may, perhaps, be consoling [illegible] to hear that [illegible] out of [illegible] hundred [illegible] four have [illegible] complexions, [illegible] health.

Notice to Fishermen.

A farmer who owns a few acres in Muskoka has the following sign on his property as a warning to trespassers:

"This is to certify that you
Have no business fishing here;
This is my land—there's taxes to
Be paid for every dog-gone year;
I do not want it trampled down.
So to you fellows from the town;
My old bulldog is living yet.
Lest you forget—lest you forget!"

closed they adjourned to Parson's Restaurant where the long table was flanked on both sides by the Flour City's beauty and men of merry will. Come again Rosewarne.

On Wednesday last Edna Irene, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jack died, aged eight months. The funeral took place yesterday to Union Park Cemetery.

Mr. Frank Gardner was indisposed yesterday but is on the mend today.

The Russell house is being overhauled and renovated since the fire, Contractor McKinnon having the work in hand. It is expected that when the work is finished, every room *damaged by smoke or water will be as* good as a new first class hotel.

Miss Mabel Creighton has returned from her trip to Winnipeg.

A dance was given in the Assembly Hall on Shrove Tuesday night by Hanson's Orchestra. The excellent music was much enjoyed by the large gathering of young people who attended.

Mr. R. B. Donkin has been appointed town assessor for this year.

Mr. John Anderson of the Sikness

ing business. Mr. S[illegible] that he intends to do [illegible] painting [illegible] the public.

Mr. [illegible] Wm. [illegible] get it [illegible] Friday [illegible]

[illegible] large [illegible] of private residences being built in the [illegible] Contractors [illegible] the [illegible] will also [illegible] some [illegible] The handsome wood [illegible] and carving are being executed by the firm of [illegible] & Hodson, who did such the work in the Hillard House.

Colonel Ferguson, chairman of the Mikado mine company and the Ontario Limited, is expected to arrive here in about ten days.

Will Sir Laurier to appoint a Montreal representative to fill the vacancy in the senate caused by the death of Hon. R. R. Dobell, of Quebec.

London has $30,000 of uncollected policy taxes. The amount is not so large as last year by $6,000.

Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, of St. Luke's

STRENUOUS STINGERS.

The Wasp Has More, Executive Tact Than Any Other Stinging Insect.

"I read in one of the magazines recently something about the sting of the bee," said a citizen, "and I was reminded of an experience I had with a friend some time ago while in the country. He was plowing over behind a small clump of hills, and they were well wooded almost down to the fence line. It was a section which is noted for making wildcat whisky, and this fact threw me off the track, as will appear hereafter. I was approaching my friend from the hillside. I was flying.

"Suddenly I thought he glanced at me, and at the same time he rushed around horsiedly to the singletree, unhooked the trace chains, threw them across the horse's back, and the animal struck out on a dead run down the turning row which split the ravine. My friend followed, and it was a race for who laid the rail, as they say in the country. I could see through it all in a minute. My friend had been making moonshine whisky, and he thought I was a United States marshal. I split my sides laughing over the thought of the thing, and then I struck down the ravine after him. I traveled some distance before catching sight of my friend and his horse. Finally I found them close to a branch, and my friend was stooping down occasionally, picking up something and smearing it on his hands, face and neck.

"Hello, Bill," I said smilingly. "I guess you thought I was a United States marshal." "United States!" he said almost un-

Items of Local Interest

A gang of men are at work clearing away the debris of the Gardner block to make preparation for a new structure.

Mr. Raymond Kershaw has taken over the Tynan Hotel at Goldrock. He has not however, severed his business connection here, and will return here in a few days after putting things in order in his new venture.

Mr. Hugh D. Alston the well-known mining man left on last night's train to return to Wabigoon.

Constable Johnson left last night on the east-bound train for Mimico Asylum where he will place an idiot named Bethune, committed to that Institution by Judge Robinson.

The Y. M. C. A. of Winnipeg are giving a series of smoking concerts to raise funds to buy a steam yacht for their camp on Lake of the Woods.

Mayor Cameron is in Toronto watching the progress of some municipal legislation through the House.

A party of young people from Keewatin came over on Tuesday night to hold a skating party. After the rink

Mr. Frank Gardner was [illegible] yesterday but is on the mend today.

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Mr. R. B. Donkin has been appointed town assessor for this year.

Mr. John Anderson of the Sakoose mine is in town.

Mr. Walter Ross of the Brown Ranch Coy, Alberta paid Rat Portage a visit this week. He went to Winnipeg but will return here again to attend local joint stock company annual meetings.

A dance was given at the residence of Mrs M. Brown last night in honor of her neice, Miss Edmundson.

Postmaster parsons finds himself distributing local mail these days bearing the address, "Kenora," Ont.

Major Leveque, Dr. Hanson and Messrs. Brydon and Belyea have been appointed delegates to attend the High Court, I.O.F., to be held in Winnipeg next Tuesday.

Mr. Noel, of the Mikado mine, is in town.

Mr. G. M. Risch went to Winnipeg Thursday morning to see the bonspiel.

Miss McDonald, who has been visiting at Dr. Hanson's, left on this morning's train to return to her home in Winnipeg.

Mr. W. D. Coate has moved his pharmacy to the Oliver block, two doors south of the Miner office.

W. McGimsie, the centre forward of the crack Thistle team, injured his shoulder at a recent practice, and although not actually laid up, the doctor thinks he will be unable to participate in any more league games this season.

Lord Dufferin, at one time governor-general of Canada, died last Wednesday.

The Rat Portage Lumber Co. are building an extension to their saw mill at Beaver Mills, and will instal extra machinery in time for the summer cut.

Mr. Werner is able to be around again, though he has to use a cane to assist him in walking.

S. Griffis is to play on the Thistle team next Tuesday night.

Miss Maud Brinkman, who has been ill with pneumonia, is slightly convalescent.

Mr. John N. Stendall, the merchant tailor, who has been carrying on business for some years in Swedetown, has moved to the Oliver block, near the Miner office. Besides a regular tailor-

[illegible] will also undergo some renovation. The handsome woodwork and carving now being manufactured by the firm of Scott & Hudson, who did such fine work at the Hilliard House.

Colonel Engledue, chairman of the Mikado mine company and the Ontario Limited, is expected to arrive here in about ten days.

ALL-OVER-CANADA ITEMS.

Boiled Down into Readable Paragraphs for Busy People.

Lord and Lady Minto have returned to Ottawa from Quebec.

A storm has interfered with railway traffic in London District.

Le Progres, the Windsor Liberal weekly, has become an independent.

Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier will spend three months in Europe next summer.

Fickler & Company's departmental store at Fredericton, N. B. was burned loss $25,000.

Harry Nigh, a young man, near Springfield, committed suicide by taking strychnine.

Hon. Mr. Tarte was banquetted by the reform Club of Montreal. Transportation was his theme.

Mrs. Thos. A. Book hanged herself in the barn at her home at Silverdale, near Smithville, Ont. Her husband had found her hanging to the beam shortly after the act, but he ran to the neighbors before attempting to release her.

A petition is in circulation among members of the Montreal Board of Trade and Stock Exchange asking Sir Wilfrid Laurier to appoint a Montreal representative to fill the vacancy in the cabinet caused by the death of Hon. R. R. Dobell, of Quebec.

London has $53,000 of uncollected 1901 city taxes. The amount is not so large as last year by $6,000.

Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, of St. Luke's church, Ashburnham, is to be appointed chaplain of the Third Dragoons.

The funeral of Sister Clare, Mother Superior, of St. Joseph's Hospital, Chatham, was held at London.

A trunk from New York containing 4,000 cigars was seized at Montreal. There were no revenue stamps on the cigars.

appear hereafter. I was approaching my friend from the hillside. I was riding.

"Suddenly I thought he glanced at me, and at the same time he rushed around hurriedly to the singletree, unhooked the trace chains, threw them across the horse's back, and the animal struck out on a dead run down the turning row which split the ravine. My friend followed, and it was a race for who laid the rail, as they say in the country. I could see through it all in a minute. My friend had been making moonshine whisky, and he thought I was a United States marshal. I split my sides laughing over the thought of the thing, and then I struck down the ravine after him. I traveled some distance before catching sight of my friend and his horse. Finally I found them close to a branch, and my friend was stooping down occasionally, picking up something and smearing it on his hands, face and neck.

"'Hello, Bill,' I said smilingly. 'I guess you thought I was a United States marshal.' 'United States!' he said almost uncivilly. 'I plowed up a hornets' nest.' And sure enough he had, and both the man and the horse were as knotty as a hickory limb as the result of it all. The bee may be a good stinger, but the hornet is the fleetest thing on wings when it comes to using the stinger with swiftness and effect.

"That reminds me of the curious methods of bees and things of that sort in stinging," the narrator continued. "Take the honeybee, for instance. Now, the honeybee is what you might call a lazy, clumsy, docile sort of stinger. Really the bee is awkward when compared with other insects. The bumblebee is a trifle more vigorous, and there is a deal more of what one may call action in its movements. It is a striking sort of sting, and I have seen children almost knocked down by these heavier members of the bee family. It is a mean sting to handle, too, and does not yield so quickly to treatment. The hornet and the yellow jacket sting on the wing, as it were. They do their work quickly, but thoroughly, and they generally leave a record behind them that they would have no cause to feel ashamed of if they had this element in their makeup.

"But there is my old friend, the wasp. I want to speak of him. He is the prince of stingers. You may not forget him so quickly when he stings you. He leaves a sort of waspy taste in your mouth, and it is anything but pleasant, and it is a taste you will remember even after the years have gone by. The wasp is a lingering sort of fellow. He lovingly and caressingly stings, perches for awhile on one's neck, I may say, and then hums about his business. But really, while the wasp lingers longer than other insects while stinging, he also shows more anger and is probably the most spiteful member in the list of stinging insects."

When Men Wore Earrings.

Among civilized nations the wearing of earrings by men has been by no means uncommon, as it has been shown that in early English days some of the most distinguished courtiers bedecked their ears with very costly specimens. The immortal Shakespeare is said to have worn them, and Charles I. is reputed to have been the owner of a magnificent pair of pearl earrings, which he bequeathed to his daughter the day before he was executed.

In the south sea islands the females and males alike adopt this style of personal adornment, and even in the wilds of Africa they are worn by the untutored savages of both sexes.

At the present day the only civilized persons of the male sex who ornament their ears in this manner are the gypsies, the Italians, the French, a few sailors of other foreign nations, and occasionally a German, but as a matter of course precious few females the world over will be found without them.

"How did you enjoy the play last night?"

"Oh! it was just divine—I never cried so much in my life.

John Ardiff, a laborer, employed on the C. P. R. snow plough gang at Carleton Junction, had both arms and several ribs broken in a wreck one mile east of Almont.

David Sutherland, of Montreal, shot and dangerously wounded his wife in a fit of jealousy and then turned the revolver on the policemen sent to arrest him. The officers rushed in and overpowered him.

Subscribe for The Miner

LAND TITLES ACT
Mortgage Sale

OF VALUABLE PROPERTY IN THE DISTRICT OF RAINY RIVER.

Under power of sale contained in a certain registered mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold by public auction at the Town Hall at the Town of Rat Portage by R. J. Parrott, auctioneer, on **Friday, the 28th day of February, A. D. 1902,** at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, the following valuable property, namely:

That certain parcel of land registered under the Land Titles Act as parcel 3160 in the Register for Rainy River, situate in the District of Rainy River and Province of Ontario, namely:

1. That part of Block "A" in the said district of Rainy River as shown on a Plan M. 28 filed in the office of Land Titles at Rat Portage, and particularly described as follows:—Commencing at a point in the northerly limit of the right of way of the Canadian Pacific Railway at the distance of 3.25 chains West perpendicularly from the East boundary of said Block "A," thence North parallel to the aforesaid East boundary of said Block "A" the distance of 16.45 chains to the Southerly limit of the Colonization Road, thence South-easterly along the Southerly limit of said Colonization Road to the North-east corner of the said Block "A," thence South along the East boundary of the said Block "A" a distance of 14.47 chains to the South-east corner thereof, thence westerly along the northerly limit of the right of way aforesaid of the Canadian Pacific Railway to the place of beginning, containing five acres more or less.

2. Block "G" in the said District as shown on above Plan M. 28 filed in the office of Land Titles at Rat Portage.

On the said part of Block "A" is said to be erected a rough-cast cottage about 20x22 ft., and upon said Block "G" a rough-cast cottage about 21x28 ft., a frame barn about 30x24 ft., and milk-house about 12x14 ft.

The said property is very advantageously situated in and adjacent to the Town of Rat Portage and is suitable for farm or dairy purposes.

TERMS:—Ten per cent. of the purchase money at the time of sale and the balance in 30 days thereafter.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to

ALLAN McLENNAN,
Solicitor, &c.,
Rat Portage,
Solicitor for the Vendor.

Dated at Rat Portage this 28th day of January, 1902.